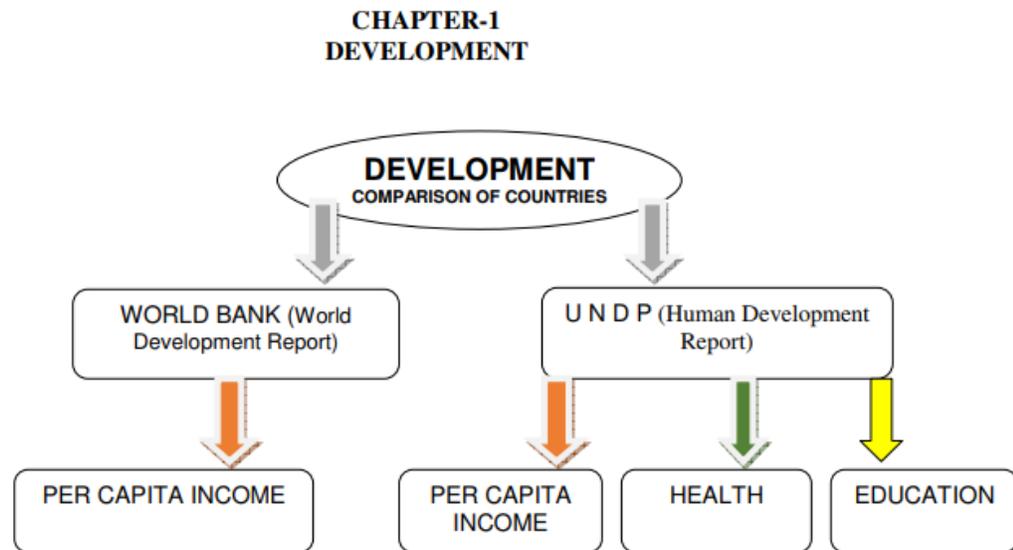


Development

Development is defined as growth. Some of the important goals are **seeking more income, equal treatment, freedom, security, respect for others etc.**

**DIFFERENT PEOPLE, DIFFERENT GOALS**

People seek things that are most important for them. that means which can fulfill their aspirations or desires.

Note: In fact, at times, two persons or groups of persons may seek things which are conflicting.

Income and Other Goals

A person have two types of development goals

Material things money, car, house etc

Non-Material Things Freedom, friends, equality, respect etc.

Both material and non-material things are equally important or we can say that for development people look at mix of goals.

Concept of National Development

- ✓ World Development Report 2006, "In 2004 countries with per capita income of Rs. 453000 per annum are called rich or developed countries.
- ✓ Those with per capita income of Rs.37000 or less are called low income countries.
- ✓ Human Development Report 2006 published by UNDP, "Development is based on per capita income, educational levels of the people and their health status

National Development

- ✓ National development refers to the ability of a country to improve the social welfare of the people.

For example: by providing social amenities such as quality education, potable water, transportation, infrastructure and medical care.

Comparing Development of different countries/States

Comparing Economic Development of Countries

- ✓ It is earned per person in a given area.
- ✓ It is also known as the per capita income.
- ✓ Standard of living of the people depends on their per capita income.
- ✓ Countries with higher per capita income are considered to be more developed than with less per capita income.
- ✓ It is calculated by dividing the area's total income by its total population.

Classifying countries (per capita income criteria of World Bank)

- ✓ Rich countries ⇒ US\$ 12236 PA or above
- ✓ Low income countries ⇒ US\$ 1005 PA or less
- ✓ Low middle income countries ⇒ US\$ 1840 PA in 2016. india comes in this category

Average Income Per capit a Income

Per capita income or average income is calculated by dividing the total income of a country with its population.

Income along with other criterion

- ✓ In comparison of per capita income states, Haryana has 1,62,034 and Bihar has 34,168 per capita income respectively.
- ✓ But in comparison of infant mortality rate Haryana: 36 per thousand.
- ✓ Kerala is 12 per thousand and Bihar is 42 per thousand.
- ✓ This shows that besides income all the other factors are also important.

Infant Mortality Rate

- ✓ It indicates the number of children that die before the age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children born in that particular area.

Literacy Rate

- ✓ It indicates the proportion of literate population in the 7 and above age group.

Non Attendance Ratio

- ✓ It is the total number of children of age group 14 and 15 years attending school as a percentage of total number of children in the same age group.

Public Facilities

- ✓ The facilities that are provided by the government to satisfy the collective needs of the people, example- hospitals, schools, community halls
- ✓ Money in your pocket cannot buy all the goods and services that you may need to live well.

Example:

1. Money cannot buy a pollution free environment.
2. It cannot ensure that you are getting unadulterated medicines.

Human Development

- ✓ It is defined as a composite statistic of the life expectancy, Education and per capita income indicators which are used to rank countries in four tiers of human development.
- ✓ Human development index report is prepared by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

The three Indicators

1. **Life Expectancy Ratio:** It is defined as the average expected length of life of a person at the time of birth.
2. **Gross enrolment Ratio:** it is determined by the number of students enrolled in school at different grade levels.
3. **Per capita Income:** it is the mean income of the people in an economic unit, calculated by total income divided by the total population.

Human Development Index

- ✓ Total number of countries whose HDI report is prepared : 189
- ✓ HDI rank of India (2016) : 131
- ✓ HDI rank of India (2019) : 129

Sustainability of Development

- ✓ Development should take place without harming the environment.
- ✓ It is the capability to use resources judiciously and maintain the ecological balance.
- ✓ It is essential for the survival of the future generation. It takes care of overall development of economy such as health care and education.

Renewable Resource: Groundwater is under serious threat of overuse. It is replenished by nature.

Non-Renewable Resource: the reserves of Crude Oil will last for 50 years for all